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16 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

17 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

18 **NICHOLAS C. SMITH-WASHINGTON**, on
behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

20 Plaintiff,
21 vs.
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TAXACT, INC.,

23 Defendant.
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Case No. 3:23-CV-00830-VC

Assigned to Hon. Vince Chhabria

**PLAINTIFF'S ADMINISTRATIVE
MOTION TO STRIKE OR, IN THE
ALTERNATIVE, FOR LEAVE TO FILE A
SURREPLY TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION
TO STAY UNDER 9 U.S.C. § 3**

1 Pursuant to Local Rule 7-11, Plaintiff moves to strike new arguments improperly made by
 2 Defendant for the first time in its Reply in Support of its Motion to Stay Under 9 U.S.C. § 3, ECF No.
 3 33. In the alternative, Plaintiff moves for leave to file a surreply to address Defendant's new arguments.

4 "It is well-established that a moving party is not permitted to offer new evidence or arguments in
 5 a reply brief." *Graves v. Arpaio*, 623 F.3d 1043, 1048 (9th Cir. 2010) ("[A]rguments raised for the first
 6 time in a reply brief are waived."); *see U.S. Patterson*, 230 F. 3d 1168, 1172 n.3 (9th Cir. 2000); *Bazuaye*
 7 *v. I.N.S.*, 79 F.3d 118, 120 (9th Cir. 1996) ("Issues raised for the first time in the reply brief are waived.");
 8 *Calif. Sportfishing Prot. All. V. Pac. States Indus., Inc.*, No. 15-cv-01482-JD, 2015 WL 5569073, at *2
 9 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 22, 2015) ("Raising new arguments in a reply brief is classic sandbagging, and the Court
 10 will not tolerate it.").

12 In its Reply, Defendant argues for the first time, and completely contrary to the position it took
 13 in its Motion, that disputes over "formation, existence validity, interpretation, or scope of an arbitration
 14 agreement" have been delegated to the arbitrator. ECF 33 at 1:8-13, 1:20-3:2. Defendant's Motion does
 15 not contain a single reference to delegation. Instead, Defendant expressly raised and submitted the
 16 gateway issues of arbitrability (and of formation) to the Court without mention of an arbitrator deciding
 17 any of these issues. *See, e.g.*, Motion, ECF 12 at 6:11-14 ("A dispute is subject to arbitration when two
 18 conditions are satisfied. First, **the court must determine** whether a valid arbitration agreement exists.
 19 [Citation]. Second, if a valid arbitration agreement exists, **the court must evaluate** whether the
 20 arbitration agreement encompasses the dispute at issue. [Citation.]" (emphasis added)); 6:4-5 ("The
 21 standard for demonstrating arbitrability is not a high one; in fact a district court has little discretion to
 22 deny an arbitration motion..."); 6:22-7:3 ("An arbitration agreement governed by the FAA...is presumed
 23 to be *valid and enforceable*, and the party resisting arbitration bears the burden of establishing a defense
 24 to the agreement's enforcement by a preponderance of the evidence...Plaintiff cannot meet this heavy
 25 burden because: (1) the...agreement is *valid and enforceable*." (emphasis added); 7:7-18 ("Since
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1 ‘arbitration is a matter for contract,’ ...the existence of a valid arbitration agreement...is determined under
2 applicable state law on contract formation...Under...California law, arbitration agreements are valid,
3 irrevocable, and enforceable, save upon such grounds as exist at law or in equity for the revocation of
4 any contract...Such evidence establishes the existence of a valid and enforceable agreement to arbitrate
5 between TaxAct and Plaintiff.”); 8:1-3 (“Plaintiff bears the burden of proving the arbitration agreement
6 is not valid and enforceable, and cannot do so here.”).

7 Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court strike the portion of Defendant’s Reply Brief, ECF
8 33, 1:20-3:2 which comprises the arguments improperly raised by Defendant for the first time on reply.
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10 In the alternative, when a defendant raises new arguments on reply for the first time, additional
11 briefing is warranted. *See Garcia v. Heath*, No. 2:13-cv-1952 JAM AC P, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33398,
12 at *2 (E.D. Cal. March 14, 2016) (defendants raising new arguments in reply is a “valid reason” to allow
13 additional briefing). Should the Court decide not to strike Defendant’s improperly raised new arguments,
14 Plaintiff respectfully requests that he be granted an opportunity to address these new arguments in a
15 surreply.
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18 Dated: May 9, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

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20 **HAMMONDLAW, P.C.**

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s/ Julian Hammond

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